

The effect of parent's divorce on growing children's health

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Abstract: -

The study is conducted to find out the effect of divorce on childrens health. In this study we have involved high school students in Nanded. In this study psychology test namely(HSAI) High School Adjustment Inventory is used and by using snow ball sample, 400 students are interviewed. For statistical analysis F-test and Chi-square test is used.

Keywords:- divorce, effect on health, growing children.

Introduction: -

In today's society, there are many kinds of families. Some include joint, nuclear, single families and stepfamilies. A divorce is a random event in an exceedingly family's life. It is one thing that affects every member of a family at completely different times and in numerous ways.

In India, the rates of divorce per unit area all-time are low compared to alternative countries of the globe. For every 1,000 marriages that take place in India, there are 11 marriages that fail or end up in a legal separation.

Parental divorce affects their children's physical health and longevity. Those who expertise parental divorce or separation area unit additional possible to own health issues (often in spite of maternal remarriage) like a major increase in injury rates, a doubled risk of asthma,and increased risk of asthma-related emergencies (Kristen Harknett).

Children whose parents have divorced are more likely to experience injury, asthma, headaches, and speech impediments than children whose parents have remained married. (Dawson, Deborah. "Family Structure and Children's Health and Well-Being": Information from the 1988 National Health Interview Survey on Child Health." Journal of wedding, and therefore, Family 53(August 1991):573-84.) Following a divorce, children are fifty percent more likely to develop health problems than two-parent families.

Review of Litratue:-

Ana Luiza Goncalves Soares, Helen Goncatlves, Alicia Matijasevien, Maija Serueira, George Davey Smith, Ana M.B., Menezes, Maria Cecilian Assuncao, Fernando C. Wehrgneister, Abigail Fraser, and Larua D. Howe ²⁸ (2017) used data from Avon Longitudinal Study of Parents and

Children and shown that the parental separation was associated with lower blood pressure and fat mass index; and with more physical activity. They also revealed that there was little evidence of an association between parental separation and cardiometabolic risk factors in adolescent, apart from for smoking.

Objective: -

To study the effects of parents divorce on the childrens health.

Hypothesis: -

The children of divorced parents may have health problems.

Methodology:-

400 students from 11 to 16 year of age group, learning in 5th to 9th grade in different schools within the district was prepared. To ensure homogeneity in sampling, government school, private schools, coeducational, rural and urban Marathi medium schools were included. The final sample comprised of 172 boys and 228 girls.

The High School Adjustment Inventory (HSAI) by A.K. Singh and

A. Sen Gupta was administered on all 400 students. The questionnaires

were given in Hindi and translated into the Marathi language for children who belonged to urban and rural schools.

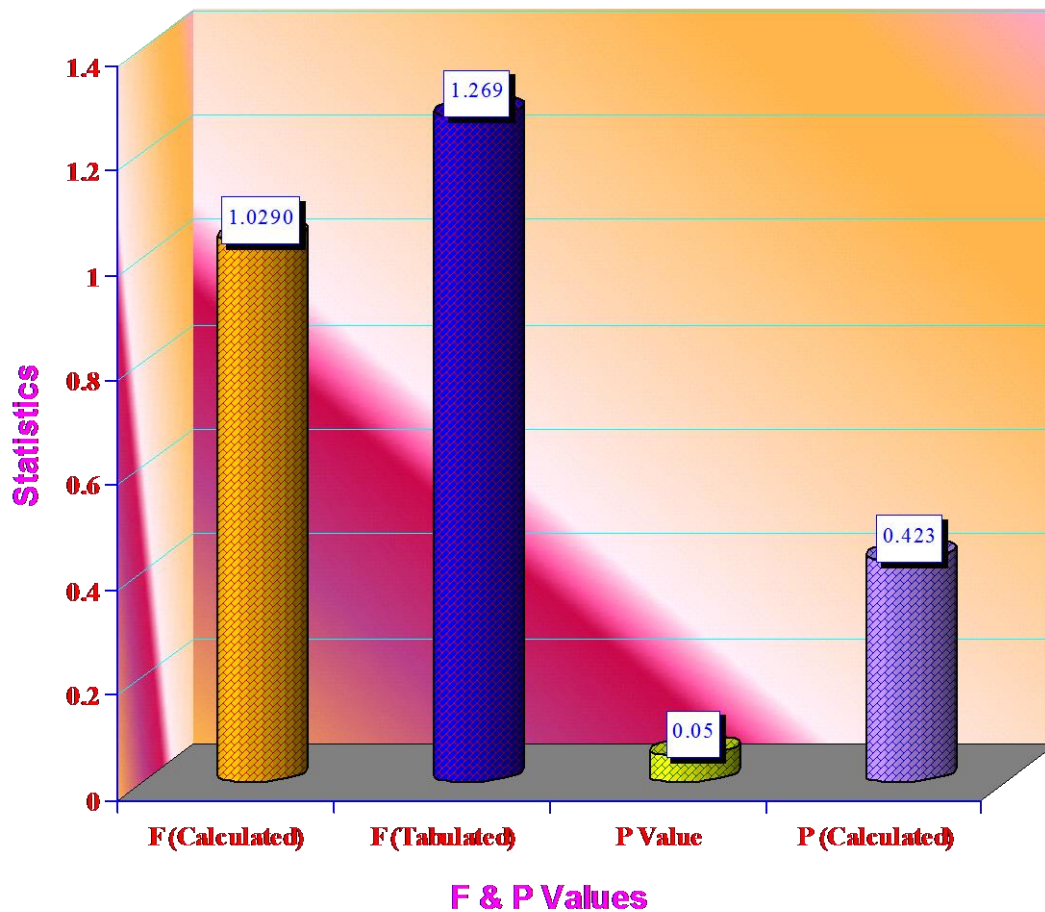
Result and Discussion: -

Table 1.1-To Compare Health Issues of Male & Female Growing Children at the Age Group of 11-16 Years

Sr. No.	Statistics	Values
1.	F (Calculated)	1.029
2.	F (Tabulated)	1.269
3.	P Value	0.05
4.	P (Calculated)	0.423

Graph 1.1

To Compare Health Issues of Male & Female Growing Children at the Age Group of 11-16 Years



The significance level at 0.05 calculated 'F' value is less than tabulated value ($1.029 < 1.269$) and calculated 'P' value is greater than 0.05 ($0.423 > 0.05$). This value shows the conclusion to accept the null hypothesis and rejecting the alternative hypothesis that at the age group of 11-16 years the effect of divorce between parents on health issue of female growing children is less than or equal to male growing children.

Conclusion: -

We may conclude that Parents divorce effect is more or less the same amongst the boys and girls. Boys many a times become addict and delinquent gain weight. Childrens are experience headaches, injury, asthma etc.

References: -

1. Ana Luiza Goncalves Soares, Helen Goncalves, Alicia Matijasevici, Maija Serueira, George Davey Smith, Ana M.B., Menezes, Maria Cecilian Assuncao, Fernando C. Wehrgneister, Abigail Fraser, and Larua D. Howe (2017): "Parental Separation and Cardio Metabolic Risk Factors in Late Adolescence: A Cross-Cohort Comparison", American Journal of Epidemiology, Vol.185, Issue (10): 898-906.
2. The Divorce Express. By Paula Danziger(1982).
3. The Boys and Girls Book about divorce. By Richard Gardner(1970).