

A Study On Women Entrepreneurship Growth And Development In India

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Abstract

Women entrepreneurship development is an essential part of human resource development. The development of women entrepreneurship is very low in India, especially in the rural areas. Entrepreneurship amongst women has been a recent concern. Women have become aware of their existence their rights and their work situation. However, women of middle class are not too eager to alter their role in fear of social backlash. The progress is more visible among upper class families in urban cities. This paper focuses on women entrepreneur. Any understanding of Indian women, of their identity, and especially of their role taking and breaking new paths, will be incomplete without a walk down the corridors of Indian history where women have lived and internalized various role models.

Keywords: Women Entrepreneur, Problems of Women Entrepreneurs in India, Develop Women Entrepreneurs, financial support

Introduction

The Indian economy has been witnessing a drastic change since mid -1991, with new Policies of economic liberalization, globalization and privatization initiated by the Indian government. India has great entrepreneurial potential. At present, women involvement in economic activities is marked by a low work participation rate, excessive concentration in the unorganized sector and employment in less skilled jobs. In this dynamic world, women entrepreneurs are an important part of the global quest for sustained economic development and social progress. In India, though women have played a key role in the society, their entrepreneurial ability has not been properly tapped due to the lower status of women in the society. It is only from the Fifth Five Year Plan (1974-78) onwards that their role has been explicitly recognized with a marked shift in the approach from women welfare to women development and empowerment. The development of women entrepreneurship has become an important aspect of our plan priorities. Several policies and programmers are being implemented for the development of women entrepreneurship in India. In advanced countries, there is a phenomenon of increase in the number of self- employed women after the world war 11. In USA, women own 25% of all business, even though their sales on an average are less than two-fifths of those of other small business. In Canada, women own one-third of small business and in France it is one-fifth.

Concept of Women Entrepreneur

A woman entrepreneur is a woman who starts and owns and enterprise by investing at Least 51% in an enterprise.

Categories of Women Entrepreneurs

- Women in organized & unorganized sector
- Women in traditional & modern industries
- Women in urban & rural areas
- Women in large scale and small scale industries.
- Single women and joint venture

Supportive Measures for Women's Economic Activities and Entrepreneurship**Direct & indirect financial support**

- Nationalized banks
- State Finance Corporation
- State industrial development corporation
- District industries centers
- Small Industries Development Bank of India
- State Small Industrial Development Corporation

Technological Training and Awards

- Entrepreneurship Development Institute of India
- Trade Related Entrepreneurship Assistance and Development
- National Institute of small Business Extension Training
- Women's University of Mumbai

Federations and Associations

- National Alliance of Young Entrepreneurs
- India Council of women Entrepreneurs, New Delhi
- Self Employed women's Association
- Associations of women Entrepreneurs of Karnataka
- World Association of women Entrepreneurs
- Associated country women of the world

Problems of Women Entrepreneurs in India

- The women entrepreneurs are suffering from inadequate financial resources and working capital. The women entrepreneurs lack access to external funds due to their inability to provide tangible security. Very few women have the tangible property in hand.
- The business success is depends on the support the family members. The interest of the family members is a determinant factor in the realization of women folk business aspirations.
- The greatest deterrent to women entrepreneurs is that they are women. A kind of patriarchal – male dominant social order is the building block to them in their way towards business success. Male members think it a big risk financing the ventures run by women.
- The financial institutions are skeptical about the entrepreneurial abilities of women. The bankers consider women loonies as higher risk than men loonies.

Ways to Develop Women Entrepreneurs

- Consider women as specific target group for all developmental programmers.
- Better educational facilities and schemes should be extended to women folk from government part.
- Adequate training program on management skills to be provided to women community.
- Encourage women's participation in decision-making.
- Vocational training to be extended to women community that enables them to understand the production process and production management.

Conclusion

Entrepreneurship among women, no doubt improves the wealth of the nation in general and of the family in particular. Women today are more willing to take up activities that were once considered the preserve of men, and have proved that they are second to no one with respect to contribution to the growth of the economy. Women entrepreneurship must be moulded properly with entrepreneurial traits and skills to meet the changes in trends, challenges global markets and also be competent enough to sustain and strive for excellence in the entrepreneurial arena.

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